



Figure 2. A snapshot of the region. Inset image: the location of Hay and Carrathool shire councils within NSW

RDRP program (NSW RDRP) is jointly funded by the FDF and NSW Government, supporting local governments to provide proactive, pragmatic and coordinated support for communities as they prepare for and respond to drought.

The NSW RDRP model involves neighbouring councils working together to develop regional drought resilience plans. Consistent with the strategic priorities and objectives of the FDF, the objectives of the RDRP process are to:

- grow the self-reliance and performance of the agricultural sector,
- improve the natural capital of agricultural landscapes for better environmental outcomes, and
- strengthen the wellbeing and social capital of rural, regional and remote communities.

The FDF seeks to enhance the public good by building drought resilience in Australia's agricultural sector, the agricultural landscape and communities. The FDF is intended to deliver against three interconnected strategic priorities:

- economic resilience for an innovative and profitable agricultural sector,
- environmental resilience for sustainable and improved functioning of farming landscapes, and
- social resilience for resourceful and adaptable communities.

Resilience of economic, environmental and social systems in rural and regional Australia is at the heart of the FDF's vision and strategic priorities, which are targeted through four investment themes shown in Figure 3.



Figure 3. Future Drought Fund investment Themes