I strongly object to this the Glendell Continuation Project and I support the Wonnarua Plains Clan in their efforts to have this project denied.

Glencore is proposing to relocate the historic Ravensworth Homestead and dig up the archaeological landscape of the Ravensworth Estate on Wonnarua country, land taken from the First Nations people through violence in the mid 1820's. The question is now, have we become a more just nation in 2022?

- The Heritage Council has warned the Department of Planning that this would have irreversible and catastrophic impacts on heritage that is of state significance. The Heritage Council advised the Department it opposed Glencore's proposal to relocate the Ravensworth Homestead and advised them not to ignore the objections of the Plains Clan of the Wonnarua People.
- . Glencore's original greenhouse report admitted that the mine's development was consistent with the IPCC's high emissions "A2" scenario, which is projected to result in warming by approximately 3.4C by 2100, which would be catastrophic levels of global warming.
- The International Energy agency Roadmap for Net Zero by 2050 modelled global energy use consistent with achieving that target and found that "beyond projects already committed as of 2021, there are no new oil and gas fields approved for development in our pathway, and no new coal mines or mine extensions required."
- There are sufficient coal mining operations already approved globally to supply coal to the limit of what the atmosphere can afford if we are to achieve the net zero by 2050 goal.

The cumulative scientific evidence is unequivocal: Climate change is a threat to human well-being and planetary health. Any further delay in concerted anticipatory global action on adaptation and mitigation will miss a brief and rapidly closing window of opportunity to secure a liveable and sustainable future for all.

The IPCC also reports that climate change has adversely affected both the physical and the mental health of people around the world. Mental health is stressed by the trauma caused by extreme weather events and the associated

loss of livelihoods and culture, and by concerns about the future stability of human society in a hotter world.

For both losses and damages and limits to adaptation, we find that 1.5°C is a critical level of warming. Exceeding 1.5°C means that we will experience greater levels of losses and damages, with some of them being irreversible. It also means that there will be additional people and ecosystems that will reach the limits of adaptation.

The IPCC Working Group II report concludes that time is short for securing a liveable and sustainable future by transitioning away from fossil fuels.

• This project is not consistent with NSW's climate change policy, the principle of intergenerational equity nor the public interest, as it clearly assumes failure to meet the Paris Agreement temperature goals and worsening climate change impacts for New South Wales.

If this this mine extension is approved, you will be condemning the people of New South Wales to intensifying impacts of climate change for generations to come.

I am imploring you today to refuse this mine expansion.