The Equation for Bylong Valley

Dr Merran E Auland Public meeting Independent Planning Commission Wednesday November 7th 2018





Precious Limited Resources

- The world economic forum ranks water security as the top global risk facing societies, economies and businesses over the next decade
- Global Warming is increasing and all of NSW is in Drought
- The Australian Federal Government pledged billions for 'water security' at the Drought Summit last month
- The 2017 Planning Assessment for the Bylong Coal mine stated that the mine

" would represent a fundamental shift in the valley in favour of mining as opposed to agricultural or pastoral pursuits, and that the water security on which agricultural activities depend, may be jeopardised"

Department of Primary industry warned that the Bylong mine......

" would potentially result in significant sections of the Bylong River to cease flowing"

- The Department of Primary Industries documents show the proposed KEPCO mine poses a "risk to government" because the security of water supply to the project "will not be sufficient under drought conditions" and could result in KEPCO seeking additional water under licence.
- The Mid-western Regional councils Comprehensive land use strategy states
 - Ensure the integrity of ground and surface water is maintained
 - Protect areas of high scenic and/or conservation value

Why are we wasting water to give Koreans more coal

No Guarantees

- Non-committal words and jargon selected by KEPCO in their publications
- Reports used for decision making, where even independent reviews are not arms length from KEPCO
- Water modelling used in the submissions from KEPCO are all based on assumption
 - Assumptions that have been generated by KEPCO
 - Assumptions have been tested by KEPCO
 - Even the independent reviewer concluded that different styles of modelling provided different outcomes while based on the same data -Some models worked better at predicting some impacts - who controls what the mine presented
- They have already been prosecuted for misleading information
- What can we trust
 - Thalidomide
 - Lung cancer

Are KEPCO prepared to back their predictions?

Destruction of waterways

- Redbank Creek NSW
 - GFG Alliance's Tahmoor Mine longwall mining has cracked the bedrock
 - Redbank Creek has run dry
 - "Environmental impacts have exceeded performance measures identified in the mine's approved Environmental Management Plan, which has triggered the requirement for a remediation plan," a NSW Government spokesman said in a statement.

Excess Diversion of water

- Whitehaven Coals Maules Creek mine
 - A review showed it captured 1,800 million litres (ML) of surface water in 2016, despite being licenced to take 30 million litres.
 - In 2015 Maules Creek Coal Mine was fined \$15,000 for road dust
 - more water used to prevent road dust

Poisoning of water

- Walsh River QLD
 - Baal Gammon copper mine has contaminated the Walsh river
 - Locals unable to use water for drinking or stock or primary production
 - 'the concentration of copper in one of the spills would have been sufficient to cause 50 per cent mortality to 95 per cent of Australian fish species' - Nick Lichti , Department of Environment and Heritage Protection prosecutor

Reduction in available water

- Hunter Bioregional Assessment confirmed that
 - 2441 square kilometres could experience groundwater drawdown due to potential new mines or mine expansions
 - Large changes in flow regime are possible in many local creeks and rivers
 - About 1228 kilometres of streams and 102 square kilometres of groundwaterdependent ecosystems are potentially affected by changes in groundwater or surface water



TOO MANY RISKS

No Benefits

► KEPCO state they have spent more than \$702 million on the Bylong Project

- More than half was to pay Anglo American \$403 million for the licence in 2010
- Buying local farms, the school, the church and the shop
- KEPCO state the will also spend around \$1.3 billion in capital investment
- NO BENEFITS TO BYLONG
- KEPCO said

'the proposal would generate \$290 million in present-value royalties for the NSW Government over the life of the mine'

- That's about \$2 per tonne of coal (\$290/6.5million tonnes pa for 23 years)
- Its \$11.6M per year
- Enough to pay for about 1/3 of the upgrade to Sydney Olympic park stadium
- Would pay for about half of the cost of the pipeline to take water to Broken Hill
- NO BENEFITS TO NSW

Why are we contemplating this when there are NO Benefits to NSW

THE BYLONG VALLEY EQUATION

