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Submission ID: 199658

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Organisation: N/A

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Location: New South Wales

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Supporting materials uploaded: N/A

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Submission date: 9/21/2024 4:29:11 PM

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## Topic 1. Sustainability of current and future forestry operations in NSW

Publically owned State forest holdings should be increased  
Publicly owned State forest holdings available for sensibly managed and conducted forestry operations should be expanded and more widely utilised with appropriately managed regeneration and harvest plan cycles

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## Topic 2. Environmental and cultural values of forests, including threatened species and Aboriginal cultural heritage values

Sensible retention off high risk areas and exclusion of clear felling of areas that solely hold threatened species that only live it that area  
Valid credible indigenous sites and values of an area to be respected

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## Topic 3. Demand for timber products, particularly as relates to NSW housing, construction, mining, transport and retail

Publically owned and well managed State forestry needs to always be available into the future indefinitely

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## Topic 4. The future of softwood and hardwood plantations and the continuation of Private Native Forestry in helping meet timber supply needs

New plantations should not be owned and controlled by multinationals and or global finance concerns but by local Australians and or governments  
Pine plantations shouldn't be grown on sites that where or should be native forest  
Degraded unviable farming areas should be utilised and infrastructure and access to ports and or mills better established  
Expansion of private native forest areas to be made available for low intensity logging techniques  
Plantations should be encouraged to biodiverse not mono cultures and native regeneration and regrowth encouraged and a preference

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## Topic 5. The role of State Forests in maximising the delivery of a range of environmental, economic and social outcomes and options for diverse management, including Aboriginal forest management models

Expand public native forest logging into more areas spread and diversify the intensity across wider areas  
Native forest plantations encouraged over monoculture pine  
Diversity regrowth and regeneration sensibly managed  
Ensure the public benefit from state forests by continued conservation Recreational and forestry  
Private foreign multinationals don't need to and or should control the only available access to forests and timber resources  
The people own it and should benefit from its healthy management

**Topic 6. Opportunities to realise carbon and biodiversity benefits and support carbon and biodiversity markets, and mitigate and adapt to climate change risks, including the greenhouse gas emission impacts of different uses of forests and assessment of climate change risks to forests**

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Rewild areas regrow more areas

Carbon storage in usage of timber products instead of steel concrete plastics

See native forest logging and forestry for what it is a biodiverse healthy form and utilisation of natural resources that is truly sustainable and if conducted correctly replicates nature and how a forest can be regrown and regenerated with true biodiversity indefinitely

Not sure if a pine plantation meets similar biodiversity measures