Unsuitable Location Unacceptable Risk

Western/Southern Project Area Great Dividing Range

Independent Planning Commission
Hills of Gold Wind Farm (HOG WInd Farm)
February 2024

Ideal Wind Farm

Acceptable Risk -

Flat historically cleared Land



DPE Assessment Report HOG Farm

VERSUS

GDR - HOG WFarm proposal

Unacceptable Risk -

Great Dividing Range

Mountainous Pristine Environment

Has the NSW Government now backflipped on protection of the Peel and Isis River Headwaters and the Great Dividing Range BioDiversity?

What has changed in 5 years?

Hills of Gold Proposal Directly Contradicts this.....

Crawney National Park Management Plan 2019

1.2 Statement of significance

Crawney Pass National Park is significant because of its natural values.

Landscape and catchment values

The park encompasses an area of steep topography and terraced landscape with scenic values typical of the Liverpool Range. It protects the headwaters of the Isis and Peel rivers. The park is part of a regional corridor providing habitat connectivity along the Liverpool Range and is also located within the broader Great Eastern Ranges Initiative conservation corridor.

Biological values

The park protects habitat for 13 threatened native animal species and three plant species of conservation significance. Of particular significance is a population of Booroolong frog recorded in the park. This frog has experienced massive population declines in parts of its range and is now highly restricted within New South Wales.

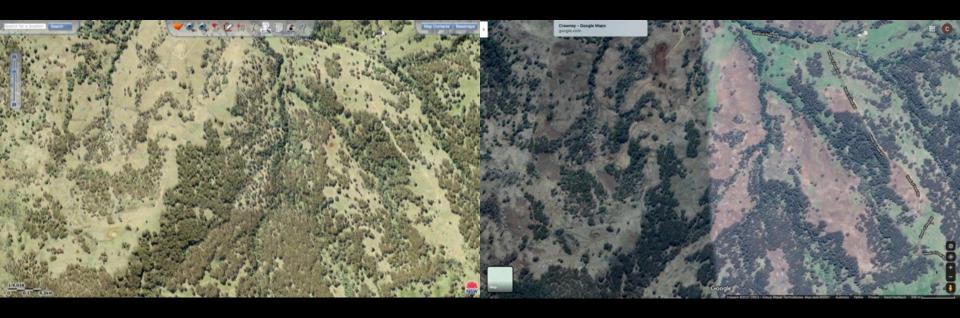
Unsuitable Location Unacceptable Risk

ENVIRONMENT

Sample of the Clearing by the Major Landholder prior to EIS being published

Before (Six Maps 2017)

After Google Maps (Winter 2020)



Tamworth LLS approved "Agricultural" clearing in 2020 HOG farm Project Area (WTG21&22)



186. The Department is aware that land clearing has occurred on the project site prior to any approval of vegetation clearing under this development application. The Department acknowledges that some of this clearing has occurred with approval under the *Local Land Services Act 2013* (LLS Act), and some areas had been cleared without prior approval and a Biodiversity Conservation Order has been issued for these areas. The Department notes that these cleared areas have been included in the calculation of the offset credit liability for the project.

Hills of Gold Wind Farm (SSD 9679) Assessment Report | 56

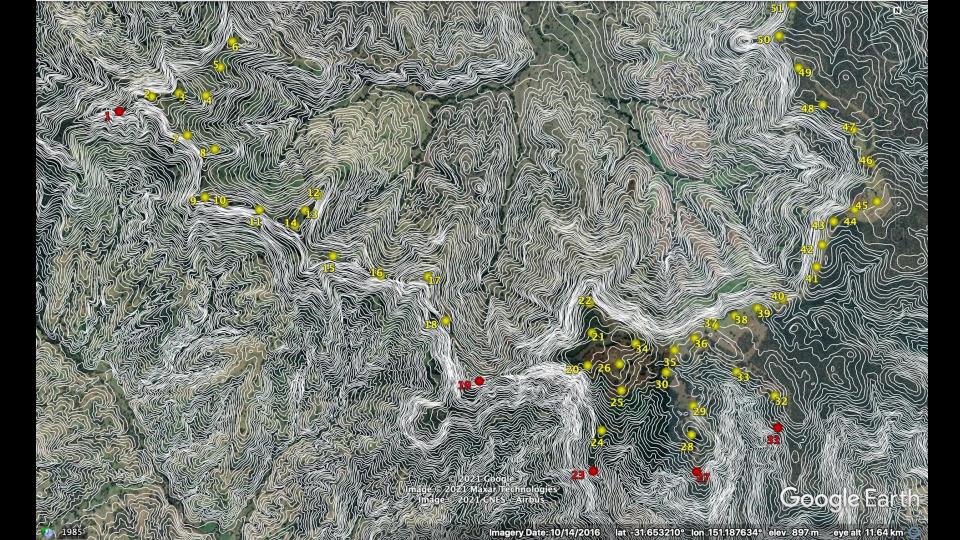
- 195. Biodiversity impacts must be offset prior to the Applicant carrying out any development that could directly or indirectly impact biodiversity values requiring offset in accordance with the requirements of NSW Biodiversity Offset Scheme.
- 196. Turbines 24 and 28 are proposed within highly vegetated areas, including areas of Ribbon Gum Mountain Gum Snow Gum TEC in moderate to good condition. The deletion of these turbines would achieve further avoidance of this TEC (3.53 ha). This would also provide additional benefit by removing turbines that pose a moderate impact risk of blade strike to avifauna, further reducing the potential for impact.

Unsuitable Location Unacceptable Risk

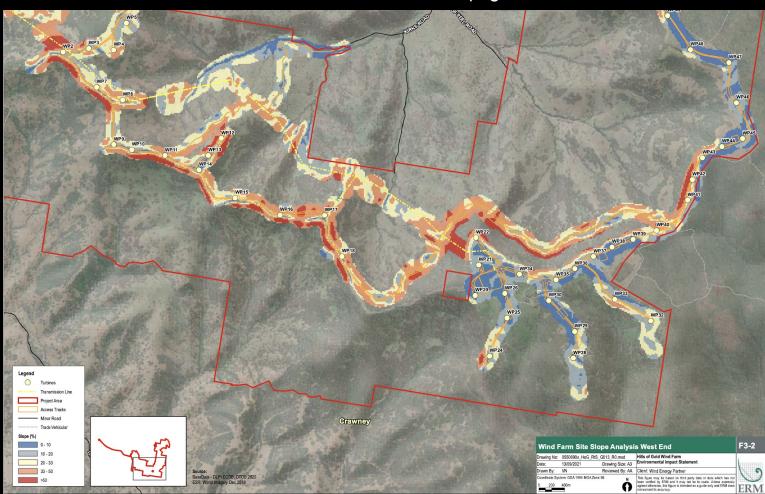
SOILS AND WATER

Eyrie Cave, Timor / Crawney discovered late 2021





Steep Slopes (>50%) (Red) in to the Isis Catchment beneath the Wind Farm Project Area Soil and Water Addendum page 10



Water and Soils Assessments use incorrect Rainfall Data and does not account for snow



Crawney Mountain snowfall, June 2021



2020 rainfall event demonstrating the volume and velocity of runoff on a property neighbouring the Project Area.



Hanging Rock snowfall, June 2021



Silt from Perry's Creek entering the Isis River 19th of January 2022

Landslides

Southern side of the range

UNSUITABLE LOCATION UNACCEPTABLE RISK

